

# Release

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R CMD  
check



**This will be  
frustrating!**

```
check("check-me")
```

```
# Fix problems
```

```
# Repeat until done
```

```
* using log directory '/Users/hadley/Documents/devtools/profr.Rcheck'
* using R version 2.13.0 (2011-04-13)
* using platform: x86_64-apple-darwin9.8.0 (64-bit)
* using session charset: UTF-8
* checking for file 'profr/DESCRIPTION' ... OK
* checking extension type ... Package
* this is package 'profr' version '0.3'
* checking package name space information ... OK
* checking package dependencies ... OK
* checking if this is a source package ... OK
* checking whether package 'profr' can be installed ... OK
* checking installed package size ... OK
* checking package directory ... OK
* checking for portable file names ... OK
* checking for sufficient/correct file permissions ... OK
* checking DESCRIPTION meta-information ... OK
* checking top-level files ... OK
* checking index information ... OK
* checking package subdirectories ... OK
* checking R files for non-ASCII characters ... OK
* checking R files for syntax errors ... OK
* checking whether the package can be loaded ... OK
```

```
* checking whether the package can be loaded with stated dependencies ... OK
* checking whether the package can be unloaded cleanly ... OK
* checking whether the name space can be loaded with stated dependencies ... OK
* checking whether the name space can be unloaded cleanly ... OK
* checking for unstated dependencies in R code ... OK
* checking S3 generic/method consistency ... OK
* checking replacement functions ... OK
* checking foreign function calls ... OK
* checking R code for possible problems ... NOTE
.simplify: no visible binding for global variable 'f'
.simplify: no visible binding for global variable 'leaf'
ggplot.profr: no visible binding for global variable 'level'
ggplot.profr: no visible binding for global variable 'f'
* checking Rd files ... OK
* checking Rd metadata ... OK
* checking Rd cross-references ... OK
* checking for missing documentation entries ... OK
* checking for code/documentation mismatches ... OK
* checking Rd \usage sections ... WARNING
Undocumented arguments in documentation object 'explore'
  df
```

Functions with \usage entries need to have the appropriate \alias entries, and all their arguments documented.

The \usage entries must correspond to syntactically valid R code.

See the chapter 'Writing R documentation files' in manual 'Writing R Extensions'.

```
* checking Rd contents ... OK
* checking for unstated dependencies in examples ... OK
* checking contents of 'data' directory ... OK
* checking data for non-ASCII characters ... OK
* checking data for ASCII and uncompressed saves ... OK
* checking examples ... ERROR
```

Running examples in 'profr-Ex.R' failed

The error most likely occurred in:

```
> ### Name: parse_rprof
> ### Title: Parse Rprof output.
> ### Aliases: parse_rprof
> ### Keywords: debugging
>
> ### ** Examples
> nesting_ex <- system.file("samples", "nesting.rprof", package="profr")
> nesting <- parse_rprof(nesting_ex)
>
> reshape_ex <- system.file("samples", "reshape.rprof", package="profr")
> diamonds <- parse_rprof(reshape_ex)
> p <- profr(parse_rprof(reshape_ex))
```



# Types of problem

- **ERROR:** must fix
- **WARNING:** probably should fix
- **NOTE:** might need to fix. Won't prevent CRAN submission

# Some tips

- Most common problems are documentation and namespace related. `check_doc()` will allow you to fix these more rapidly.
- Next most common problems are examples. Use `run_examples()`
- The more often you check, the easier it gets. (Eventual aim of devtools is continuous automated checking)

```
document("check-me")  
check_doc("check-me")  
run_examples("check-me")  
run_examples("check-me", "rv.Rd")  
check("check-me")
```

# Your turn

Run `check("check-me")` and fix the problems that you find.

There are a number of problems for you to find and fix. Don't look at the answers until you've made an attempt at finding them all.



1. Already a package called `rv` on CRAN:  
I renamed to `rv2` (also need to change in `test-all.R`)
2. `print generic is function(x, ...)`
3. Missing "Suggests: `testthat`" in description
4. Missing `@examples` for `rif`
5. Missing closing `}` in `probability.r`
6. `#` instead of `#'` in `rv.r`
7. `@returns` instead of `@return` in `probability.r`

# Release process

# To CRAN

- Update NEWS, checking that dates are correct. Use `show_news` to check that it's in the correct format
- Build package
- Upload to cran
- Email `cran@r-project.org`



```
# Or, more simply:  
release()
```

```
# Don't worry - it asks you a whole lot of questions  
# before uploading anything to CRAN.
```

# Next

- You'll get an email back from Kurt saying either that your package is now on CRAN, or there were problems you need to fix.
- A day or two later you'll get an email from the windows builder
- If all is well, you can now publicise your package

# Post- release

# Publicity

- No one will use your package if they don't know it exists.
- You can send a release announcement to `r-packages@stat.math.ethz.ch`. This should include your README and NEWS for this version
- Also announce on your blog or twitter, if appropriate. (I've recently started using tumblr for this)

# Other resources

- **Website:** github pages a good place to start. Include links to papers, presentations etc (*I'm bad at this*)
- **Mailing list:** create a mailing list on google groups
- **Google alerts:** Set up a google alert so you can find out when people are using your package

# Source code control

# git + github

Makes collaboration much much easier.

Allow you to track changes, and rollback mistakes.

Steep learning curve, but worth it.

# Resources

<http://help.github.com/>

<http://gitref.org/>

Rstudio git support



**Learning  
more**

# The command line

Mastery of the command line requires some upfront investment but will save you a lot of time in the long run.

You'll notice I run R from the command line.

Try to avoid any menu items in the gui.

Automate, automate, automate.

```
# .profile
```

```
alias R='R --no-save --no-restore-data --quiet'
```

```
# .Rprofile
```

```
.First <- function() {  
  library(grDevices)  
  options(  
    repos = c(CRAN = "http://cran.r-project.org/"),  
    device = "quartz")  
}
```

```
# .inputrc
```

```
"\e[A": history-search-backward
```

```
"\e[B": history-search-forward
```

# RStudio

The obvious first choice for new R users.  
Becoming increasingly compelling as a  
development environment.

Learn the keyboard shortcuts!

Future versions will hopefully have tight  
integration with `testthat` and `devtools`

# Where next

<http://cran.r-project.org/doc/manuals/R-exts.html#Creating-R-packages>

Subscribe to r-devel. Skim emails with interesting topics.

Download and inspect package source code. What makes packages easy to understand? What makes them hard to understand?

# Feedback

<http://bit.ly/QcRCqV>



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